

















Technical Information

Turbimax W CUS65

Turbidity and solids content sensor Installation and immersion sensor for low, medium and high concentrations using the four-beam pulsed light method



Application

The Turbimax W CUS65 sensor is used for optical turbidity and solids content measurement. Due to various sensor heads the sensor is suitable for use from low to high concentration ranges.

- Wastewater clarification / sludge treatment
- Boiler feedwater monitoring
- Condensate monitoring
- Service water monitoring

Your benefits

- Four-beam pulsed light method for compensation of sensor soiling and wearing of optical components
- Sensor body made of stainless steel
- $\,\blacksquare\,$ No mechanically moving parts, therefore no sensor blocking
- Measured value processing in sensor resulting in low signal transmission sensitivity
- Aeration systems do not affect measurement
- Plug system for quick commissioning



Function and system design

Measuring principle

Turbidity measurement

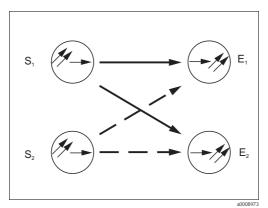
For turbidity measurement a light beam is sent through the medium and is diverted from its original direction by optically denser particles, e.g. solid matter particles.

Four-beam pulsed light method

The method is based on two light sources and two photo receivers. Long-life LEDs are used as monochromatic light sources. To eliminate interference from extraneous light sources, these LEDs are pulsed at a rate of several kHz

Two measuring signals are detected at the two photo receivers. The four measuring signals are processed in the sensor and are converted into proportional frequencies. The transmitter assigns the frequencies to the appropriate turbidity units and solids concentrations.

The four-beam pulsed light method compensates the sensor soiling as well as the wearing of the optical components.



S = Light sourceE = Light receiver

Four-beam pulsed light method

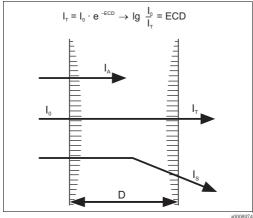
Measuring methods

Depending on the version, the sensor uses the absorption light method (CUS65-A, -B, -C) or the scattered light method (CUS65-D, -E).

Absorption light method

The measuring principle is based on the Lambert-Beer law. The turbidity of the medium is determined by the weakening of the light beam.

The sensor LEDs send a directed light beam to the light receivers. The light beam intensity is weakened by the solid matter particles in the medium.



 $I_0 = Intensity of transmitted light$

 $I_A = Intensity of absorbed light$

 $I_T = Intensity of light transmitted$

 I_S = Intensity of scattered light

E = Extinction coefficient

C = Concentration

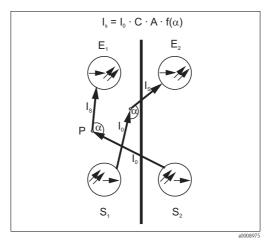
D = Optical path length

Absorption light method

90° NIR scattered light method

The measurement uses the 90° scattered light method acc. to ISO 7027 / EN 27027.

The turbidity of the medium is determined by the amount of scattered light. The transmitted light beam with a wavelength in the near-infrared range is scattered by the solid matter particles in the medium. The scattered beams are detected by scattered light receivers which are arranged at an angle of 90° to the infrared light sources.



 I_0 = Intensity of transmitted light

 I_S = Intensity of scattered light

 $A = Geometrical\ factor$

C = Concentration

P = Particle

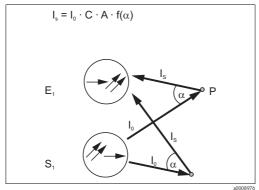
 $f(\alpha) = Angle \ correlation$

90° scattered light method

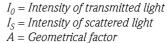
Backscattered light method

The measurement uses the backscattered light method.

The turbidity of the medium is determined by the amount of backscattered light. The transmitted light beam is scattered by the solid matter particles in the medium. The backscattered beams are detected by scattered light receivers, which are arranged next to the light sources.



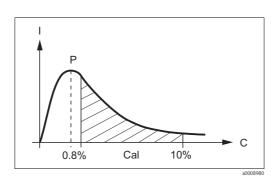
Backscattered light method



C = Concentration

P = Particle

 $f(\alpha) = Angle \ correlation$



I = Intensity of transmitted light

C = Concentration

P = Reversal point

Cal = Calibration range

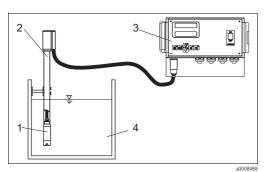
Note!

CUS65-E has a reversal point at approx. 0.8% of solid matter (as dry substance) and can thus not be calibrated with water. Therefore only use the sensor starting from a concentration >10 g/l.

Measuring system

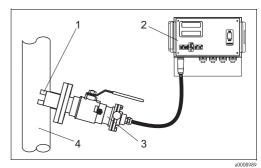
A complete measuring system comprises:

- Turbidity transmitter CUM740
- Turbidity sensor Turbimax W CUS65
- Immersion pipe CYY105 or
- Retractable assembly Cleanfit CUA451
- Extension cable (optional)
- Junction box (optional)



Measuring system with immersion pipe

- 1 Turbidity sensor Turbimax W CUS65-C
- 2 Immersion pipe CYY105
- 3 Turbidity transmitter CUM740
- 4 Basin or channel



Measuring system with retractable assembly

- 1 Turbidity sensor Turbimax W CUS65-A
- 2 Turbidity transmitter CUM740
- 3 Retractable assembly Cleanfit CUA451
- A Pin

Input

Measured variable

Turbidity Solids content

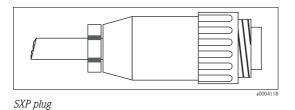
Measuring range

Version	Measuring range	Application
CUS65-A	0 to 12 g/l	Activated sludge, centrate
CUS65-B	0 to 40 g/l	Return sludge
CUS65-C	0 to 50 g/1	Primary sludge, digested sludge
CUS65-D	1 to 1000 FNU	Wastewater outlet, service water, condensate, boiler feedwater
CUS65-E	10 to 150 g/l	Centrifuge inlet, press inlet

Power supply

Electrical connection

Connect the sensor directly to the transmitter by using the special measuring cable with SXP plug.



Cable specification

Cable length	Cable cross section
	5 x 0.35 mm ² (≈ 22 AWG) 5 x 0.5 mm ² (≈ 21 AWG)
	5 x 1.0 mm ² (≅ 18 AWG)

Performance characteristics

Maximum measured error	< 1% of measuring range (system measured error re 7027 / EN 27027)	end elated to the primary formazine standard / tracing according to ISO 5725 and ISO
Wave length	880 nm	
Reference measurement	by four-beam pulsed light	method
Factory calibration	CUS65-A, -B, -C, -E: CUS65-D:	${ m SiO_2}$ Formazine acc. to ISO 7027 / EN 27027

Installation

Installation instructions

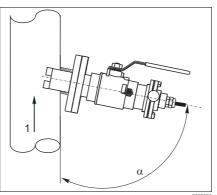
Installation options:

- with retractable assembly CUA451
- with immersion pipe CYY105



Notel

- Observe the required mounting clearance for the installation mode selected. Installing the sensor in pipes or close to a wall can lead to backscattering resulting in signal increase, mainly with measurements in low turbidity ranges (<100 FNU).
- $\,\blacksquare\,$ Make sure the sensor is completey immersed at changing water levels.

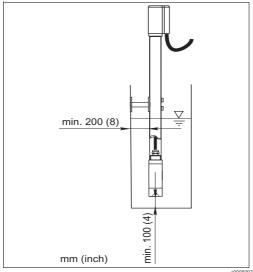


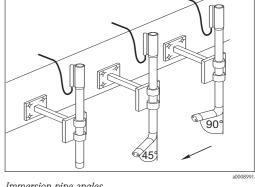
Installation with retractable assembly

Arrow = flow direction of the medium

Installation angle α dependent on sensor version:

- CUS65-A: 80°
- CUS65-B: 90°
- CUS65-C, E: 100°
- CUS65-D: 110°





Immersion pipe angles Arrow = flow direction of the medium

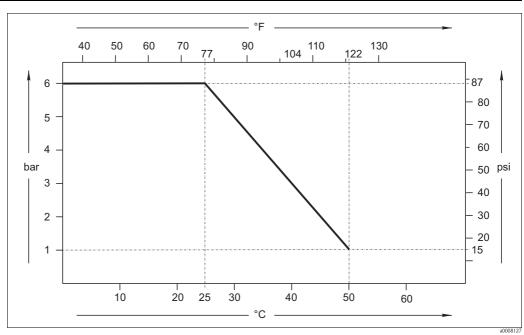
- CUS65-A: 45 °
- CUS65-D: 90 ° Wall distance with immersion pipe
 - CUS65-B, -C, -E: 180 ° (straight)

Environment

Ambient temperature range	-20 to 60 °C (0 to 140 °F)
Storage temperature	-20 to 60 °C (0 to 140 °F)
Humidity	5 to 95 %
Ingress protection	IP 68

Process

Temperature pressure diagram



Temperature pressure diagram

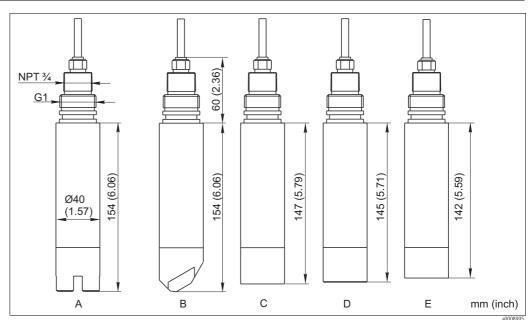
Process temperature range	0 to 50 °C (32 to 120 °F)
Process pressure	1 to 6 bar (15 to 87 psi)

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Minimum flow} & \textbf{No minimum flow required.} \end{tabular}$

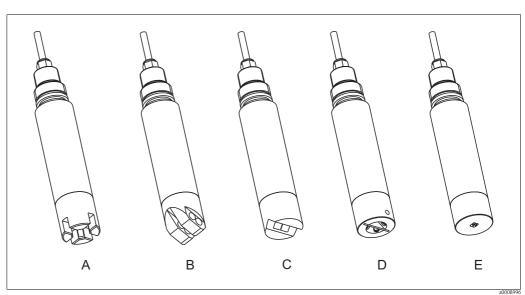
Make sure that there is a sufficient turbulence for solids with a tendency to sedimentation.

Mechanical construction

Design, dimensions



Dimensions dependend on the sensor version (see ordering information)



Sensor versions

Weight	approx. 1 kg (2.2 lbs)		
Materials	Sensor Optical windows	Stainless steel 1.4404 (AISI 316L) CUS65-A, -C, -E: Epoxy resin CUS65-B, -D: Polyoxymethylene (POM) Viton®	
	O-rings	Viton®	

Ordering information

Product structure TurbiMax W **CUS 65**

	Measuring range, application				
	Α	0 to	0 to 12 g/l, activated sludge, centrate		
	В	0 to	40	g/l, return sludge	
	С	0 to	50	g/l, primary sludge, digested sludge	
	D	1 to	100	0 FNU, wastewater effluent, service water, condensate, boiler feedwater	
	Е	10	10 to 150 g/l, centrifuge inlet, press inlet		
		Ce	Certificates		
		1	1 Factory calibration certificate		
			Process connection		
			Α	G1 + NPT 3/4 thread	
			Y	Special version acc. to customer specification	
			Connecting cable		
				1 7 m (23 ft), SXP plug	
				2 15 m (49 ft), SXP plug	
				3 \mid 1 m (3.3 ft) + extension cable 10 m (32 ft), both with SXP plug	
				Seal	
				A Viton	
				Y Special version acc. to customer specification	
CUS65-				complete order code	

Scope of delivery

The scope of delivery comprises:

- 1 CUS65 sensor, cable length depending on version
 1 extension cable (only version CUS65-xxx3)
- 1 Quality certificate
- 1 Operating Instructions BA370C/07/en

Accessories

Assemblies

Retractable assembly Cleanfit CUA451

- retractable assembly with ball valve; for turbidity sensors; material: stainless steel
- ordering acc. to product structure (Technical Information TI369C/07/en)

Immersion assembly CYY105

- for sensor immersion in basins, SS 1.4404 (AISI 316L) pipe, SS 1.4571 (AISI 316Ti) fitting
- Ordering acc. to product structure (Technical Information TI092C/07/en)

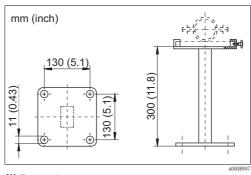
Wall mounting

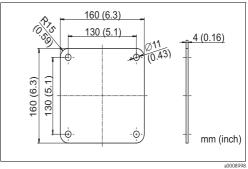
Wall attachment for immersion pipes

- Material: stainless steel 1.4301 (AISI 304)
- order no. 51503581

Counter plate

- Material: stainless steel 1.4301 (AISI 304)
- order no. 51512992





Wall mounting

Counter plate

Transmitters

CUM740

- Transmitter for turbidity and solids content measurement
- see Technical Information (TI232C/07/en)

Connection accessories

Extension cable

- Extension cable length 10m (32 ft)
- Shielded, with SXP plug and SXK coupling
- Ingress protection IP 67
- Order No.: 51503633

Plugs

- SXP plug
 - 7-pole
 - Order No.: 51504027
- SXK coupling
 - 7-pole
 - Order No.: 51504025

Junction box

- Junction box for extension of cable connection between sensor and instrument
- Sensor cable input SXB socket, cable output Pg 11 cable gland
- Material: Makrolon®
- Ingress protection IP 67
- Order No.: 51503632

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